[MARCH, MDCCLXVII.] [NUMB. 66.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, MARCH 17, 1767.

The following from the London General Evening Poſt, we preſume will be entertaining to our Readers.

To the PRINTER, *&c.*

ATTENTIVE obſervation of what is paſſing in the world muſt be ſufficient to convince a rational mind, that many who have been called great Powers are now tottering to their very foundations, and that others are ſo faſt on the decline, that great changes may be foreſeen in ſeveral regions of the globe.

Tyranny has enfeebled almoſt every Eaſtern State. Indoſtan, which was once a mighty Empire, has now a Chief without power or authority; and every province has an almoſt independant Ruler, who is only great by ſuch oppreſſions as beggar and diſanimate the people; ſo that there is no more wanting, than ſome enterpriſing and artful leader of any hardy race of men, to found a new Empire in that extenſive country.

Perſia has been ſo long a ſcene of ſlaughter and ravage, that we can have no cauſe for wondering it is become ſo deſolated a kingdom as to be expoſed to the plunderers of every aſſociated Banditti; and therefore, if it can ſtill be called a State, it is certainly one in the very laſt ſtage of decay, now open to a new maſter, and in need of a new population.

Turkey, which comprehends ſo many waſted dominions that were once mighty Empires and States, is declining apace to the moſt apparent imbecility, and muſt ſpeedily become in ſo very weak a condition as to be eaſily conquered. As much may be ſaid of the Mooriſh States in Barbary, which are now dwendled into little more than neſts of petty plunderers and pirates.

If we contemplate the ſtate of human nature, policy, practice and principal, throughout the immenſe region, which I have mentioned, it muſt follow to be pronounced, that they are all become in ſo very wretched a condition, as to admit of no hope of their emerging into luſtre. The ſoul of policy is loſt; the nerve of power decayed; the ſocial ligaments broken, or elſe weakened beyond repair; and they ſeem approaching faſt to that condition in which ancient nations where when they ſunk into annihilation.

In our ſurvey of the Chriſtian world [illegible] who [illegible] been called the head of it, Rome, whoſe holy Pontiff had once the power of tyrannizing over mighty States and Sovereigns, but is now bullied by all, even the meaneſt, into conceſſions, and ſinking apace into utter impotence and inſignificance; perhaps into annihiliation, with his whole ſyſtem of fraud and impoſture, which had once ſo deep a foundation in lay-ignorance and ſuperſtition.

All the other States and Princes of Italy are reſpectively ſo feeble, as to be expoſed to become the pray ſucceſſively, of every one that may happen to be bleſt with a wiſe Prince, who ſhall be backed by ſome great friendly Power, on any occaſion made favourable by the embroiled ſtate of Europe; and then it may chance to become a proſperous and powerful country, if it is ſo fortunate as to be bleſt with a good form of Government.

Spain, though naturally one of the fineſt countries in the world, has become almoſt deſolated by civil and religious tyranny. The moſt oppreſſive taxes and regulations have however produced deſperation both at home and in their colonies. It is eaſily foreſeen what the effect thereof muſt prove, at one time or another, in America, which will be a revolt. But in Europe they have loſt a right idea and ſpirit of liberty, and therefore it may be apprehended that all ſtruggles to better their condition will only ſerve to make it worſe, unleſs their endeavours ſhould be ſeconded by the nations on either ſide of them; in Portugal from a ſpirit of reſentment, in France from that of liberty, for certain it is, that the Portugueſe are ſorely galled by their fetters, and the wiſer part of the French are ſtrongly ſenſible of the great bleſſings of liberty, which if poſſible, to be recovered (but that is highly doubtful) would make all thoſe kingdoms flouriſh in a far higher degree than at preſent; but the chance in Spain is very great of her gradually dwindling into entire inſignificance as a kingdom, and to the people, of great wretchedneſs.

Portugal can never have any greatneſs but what ſhe derives from Brazil, at the back of which country ſhe is ſaid to have an inveterate enemy, ſo formidable as to be able at any time to march an army of an hundered and twenty thouſand men into the field; and whenever thoſe colonies are loſt ſhe muſt become one of the unhappy provinces of Spain.

French Coloniſts, we ſee, have dared to ſhew a ſpirit of reſiſtance; and if in the Mother-Country a ſpirit of liberty ſhould prevail, they may become a greater people, but otherwiſe muſt decline, for ſooner or later they will loſe their poſſeſſions in America, from one cauſe or another, as may chance from our own conduct.

Germany will become weakened by the ſlaughters and oppreſſions of tyranny, which is already forced to employ all means (though to little purpoſe) for preventing deſertions of people; and what people will not flee from worſe treatment than that of caule? When other States are grown ſo wiſe as not to interfere with their quarrels, than what are called the liberties of Germany (which are the powers of petty tyrants to trample on all human rights) will probably become happily loſt, and one or two great Monarchies take place; which may then quit the fruitleſs trade of war, and cultivate the arts of peace, to the great benefit of mankind.

If the ſpirit of liberty becomes meliorated in Poland, it may then alter to a well regulated Monarchy, and, in conjunction with Ruſſia and Hungary, perhaps new people the Eaſt.

Barbarous Ruſſia appears to be purſuing a right policy in increaſing and civilizing her people with cultivating arts and learning, and therein laying the foundations of a faſt-augmenting power. In her progreſs to greatneſs, if a ſpirit of liberty ſhould fortunately ſo prevail as to make her political conſtitution conſonant to the laws of nature and civil rights of mankind, ſhe may not only become the firſt Power of Europe, but alſo the Mother of many mighty nations planted in the various parts of Aſia, and even Africa; for nothing can be needful but good Government and abundant population, for making her immenſe territories a new northern hive, for the pouring forth of ſuch ſwarms as will a ſecond time repeople half the globe, and at the ſame time render her the moſt formidable of all the nations of Europe.

Britain, that was ſo lately victorious in every quarter of the world, and finds herſelf at preſent the arbitreſs of the Eaſt, owes to the bleſſings of liberty all her glory and proſperity, which the exerciſe of real wiſdom and virtue may yet enable her to increaſe. But the exalted ground on which ſhe ſtands at preſent, may be ſaid to be undermined. She is burthened with debts and taxes, which already cramp her commerce, and may hereafter cripple her power; ſhe is endangered by corruptions, over-run with abuſes, diſtracted by factions, and from ſuch complicated miſchiefs becomes in danger of ruin; for from theſe ſhe muſt be freed, or by theſe ſhe will be overpowered; and by periſhing, Phœnix like, on her own pile, become the cauſe of renovated life to glory from her aſhes in another quarter of the world. In ſhort, Britons may ſink by their public vices in Europe, and in ſo doing give occaſion to a Britiſh race, tranſplanted in America, to riſe to far higher glory than that pinnacle of it from which ſhe fell, by cauſes that were obvious, but which ſhe unhappily wanted the wiſdom and virtue to avoid.

The maladies of other ſinking States may be cureleſs, but hers are not ſo yet; and the changes foreſeen to other nations may be thought viſionary, but hers will prove moſt certain, if not wiſely prevented. Much may depend on chance for the fulfilling of predictions with regard to others; but with regard to ourſelves, operative cauſes will infallibly produce their natural effects: and as by real wiſdom and virtue we may be made greatly to proſper, ſo by vice, folly and iniquity, we ſhall, if they are indulged, be moſt aſſuredly made to fall, as other nations have done before us, from exactly the ſame means; and thoſe who will not profit by example, may be called blind, to their own deſtruction.

Some Moral Reflections, from a late Writer.

IT has been the misfortune of mankind, to regard arts, ſciences and commerce, not as they ought to be conſidered,—the univerſal means of procuring reciprocal advantages, and communicating reciprocal pleaſures; but as the partial end of gratifying private ambition, and promoting ſolid ſelf-intereſt.

Hence, in part, have riſen pride, envy and jealouſy, which have ſet man againſt man, and nation againſt nation; hence the cauſes of deſſention have multiplied with the increaſe of knowledge; hence the deſire of gain has ſwelled, with the accumulation of riches; hence the views of traffick have enlarged, with the extenſion of commerce; hence thoſe odious diſtinctions, which have inflamed animoſity; hence the boaſted ſuperiority of intellect, the vain pretenſion of excelling in taſte, the uſurped prerogative of power; hence creatures of the ſame ſpecies, endowed by nature with the ſame faculties, neglect and deſpiſe thoſe of leſs cultivated talents, or improved fortunes; hate and envy thoſe of ſuperior arts, and larger acquiſitions; a deadly rivalſhip takes place of a generous emulation: Hence men, unknown to each other, unoffended by each other, level the gun, and lift the ſword, againſt the breaſt of the ſtranger and the innocent.

The beſt things which human nature can poſſeſs, are big with the ſeeds of miſchief; our very virtues, when we give them a wrong direction, change their nature: Religion itſelf is pregnant with evil; when rational and moderate, it cheers the heart, and humanizes the ſoul; when ſuperſtitious and enthuſiaſtick, it renders our minds obdurate, and our diſpoſition gloomy.

Nothing is good, with reſpect to us, but from the uſe we make of it; abuſe will turn bleſſings into curſes: The arts, ſciences and commerce, from whence we might reaſonably expect the greateſt pleaſures and advantages to the human race, by the opportunity they afford of interchanging friendly offices, and promoting reciprocal intereſts, have on the contrary proved the moſt fertile ſource of keen animoſity, and endleſs conteſt.

What at firſt yielded the faireſt hopes of cementing mankind, has in its conſequences been the means of dividing them; we are civilized to that degree, that we have loſt our humanity; the cultivation of arts has almoſt effaced the traces of nature: as ſteel loſes it perfection, by being too highly poliſhed, ſo we decreaſe in ſolid worth, by too eager an attention to ornamental improvement; we fix our eyes on the object of our purſuit, but take no previous pains to examine its real uſe; we conſider things as only intended for ſhow, which were deſigned for important ſervices.

Wars, among ſome nations, are frequently the reſult of accident; in others they are occaſioned by principles inherent in the nature and genius of different ſtates: Thus, the wars between us and the French do not take their riſe from tranſient cauſes, but are occaſioned by that irreconcileable antipathy which mutual jealouſy and cruſhing intereſts, have fatally engendered between the two nations.

We do not hate the Perſians or Mahometans, becauſe they do not approach us in excellence, or rival us in intereſt; but the Engliſh and French, and indeed ſome other European nations, are at perpetual variance, and abhor each other for thoſe very arts by which each makes efforts for its advancement: Strange! that a quarter of the globe, where the refinements of civil ſociety are carried to the greateſt degree of perfection, ſhould by that very progreſs become inhuman to each other.

Let us look round Aſia, Africa, and America; let us contemplate the conduct of thoſe people whom we affect to deſpiſe as Savages, we ſhall find that in the courſe of 166 years there has been but one war, and that an inconſiderable one, in thoſe three parts of the world: Strangers to our refinements, many occaſions of diſcord are unknown to them; what they want in ſplendor, they gain in ſecurity.

Whoever ſaw an army of beaſts drawn up in hoſtile array, ready to deſtroy each other? But among men, whole plains are covered with legions, who deal promiſcuous ſlaughter, without even knowing the cauſe of conteſt; they do not fight for revenge, but hire; born for ſociety, they make a trade of killing each other: If this is humanity, it is preſumption in man to arrogate the firſt place in the animal creation.

It is mean to be afraid of death; it is truly heroick to hazard our lives to protect the weak and worthy from oppreſſion; but when intereſt or ambition whets the ſword, courage then degenerates into ſelfiſh pride and fooliſh deſperation: Ceſar, Alexander, Cromwell, and others, whoſe names the world reveres, were not heroes, but bravoes; in the ſcale of reaſon, one benevolent man outweighs a legion of ſuch brutal warriors.

Cuſtom ſteels the mind, and depraves human nature to that degree, that men of the moſt tender diſpoſitions alternately rejoice at the maſſacre of their fellow-creatures, whom they call their enemies; they read long liſts of killed and wounded, with as little concern as they would peruſe a catalogue of curioſities.

Perhaps even religion itſelf contributes to confirm this unfeeling diſpoſition, which inclines one nation to rejoice at the ſlaughter of another; when the rage of war breaks forth, each party prays to "vanquiſh and overcome its enemies;" each party alternately returns thanks for the ſucceſs of its arms: Can this be pleaſing to the Deity? Are we not all Beings of the ſame ſpecies, ſervants of the ſame God? are we not all collectively conſidered, equally entitled to the Divine protection?—But I leave this ſubject to the reader's reflection, as it is a point on which the policy of ſtate forbids the free progreſs of the pen.

For my own part, I own that I mourn for the loſs of my enemies, though I love my country, I am a friend to mankind.

The following is a Tranſlation from a Swediſh Author, taken from the Saliſbury Journal, of July 14, 1766, and which we are deſired to give a Place in our Paper.

ENGLAND *without diſpute is the Queen of iſles, the Empire and Arſenal of Neptune. She is at the ſame time the Peru of Europe, the kingdom of Bacchus, the ſchool of Epicurus, the academy of Venus, the country of Mars, the abode of Minerva; the ſupport of Holland, ſcourge of France; the purgatory of partiſans of oppoſition, and the paradiſe of thoſe of liberty. The women are handſome, but their beauty is attended with ſomething very inſipid. Bravery there is, as it were, natural to the men, but carried to an exceſs that approaches to ſavageneſs. Wit and judgement reign there, and perhaps more, than in any other country whatever; but they produce a certain air of pride, which conſiderably diminiſhes their merit. 'Tis there, one may ſay, that fortune diſtributes her favours abundantly; but the Iſlanders are ignorant of the uſe they ought to make of them to ſtrangers, as the courtiers and their taſte are the only objects of their liberality. Their language is an odd mixture of almoſt all the tongues of Europe; but with this advantage, that it expreſſes itſelf the beſt of all of them: In ſhort, 'tis a nation where nothing is wanting to it's happineſs, but to know how to enjoy it. Her natural reſtleſſneſs, and extreme jealouſy for liberty and property have often plunged her into civil wars, which have laid her within ſix inches of her deſtruction.*

The three journies I made there, having let me into their manners, I venture to aſſert, that it is the moſt delightful country in the world for young gentlemen to be amuſed in, provided they are maſters of the language, and able to ſupport the expence:——And if the high road to hell be ſown with delight and pleaſures, you muſt neceſſarily paſs through England to it.

A Remedy for the Ague, which has been found efficacious in numberleſs Inſtances.

TAKE a large table ſpoonful of flour of brimſtone in a gill of mountain wine, the moment the fit comes on; which in all probability will effect a cure: But leaſt one doſe ſhould not prove quite effectual, it is adviſeable to repeat it at the time the ſecond fit is expected, which has never known to fail in removing the diſorder entirely, as numbers of perſons have experienced within a month paſt, many of whom have been cured by a ſingle doſe, after labouring under that diſagreable illneſs for ſeveral months, and been put to great expence. Captains of ſhips and others would do well to furniſh themſelves with the ingredients for making this ſalutary medicine when they go abroad. *Aug. 19, 1766.*

To the Printer of the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL.

SIR,

ABOUT three Years and a half ago, I happened to be in *London*, when the Streets of that great Metropolis rarely afforded any other Cry than *Wilkes* and *Liberty*; in ſhort, it became offenſive, and many of the good Trades-People began in reality to ſuſpect that their Liberty was in ſome Sort of Danger; But God be praiſed, we do enjoy that Bleſſing in a ſuperlative Degree, and I heartily wiſh, that the true Senſe and Import of that invaluable Word extended to Individuals, and were as ſenſibly felt by them; and that there were not any of his Majeſty's good Subjects in any Corner of this remote Empire, under ſuch a Situation, as in Effect and Appearance, to have loſt that Title; or in other Language, who by no Means enjoy either Arts or Sciences, Trade or Commerce, or even the common Bleſſings of Life; to prove which, will be attended with very little Difficulty.

This darling Subject, Mr. Printer, has in all Ages, and in all Nations, met with univerſal Approbation; and every unconſtitutional Encroachment, even upon Foreigners and Strangers, who cohabit the *Britiſh* Iſle, has ever been known to move a general Commiſeration in the Heart of every loyal *Briton*, where Men of every Nation, and of every Kingdom, when perſecuted, never yet failed of Redreſs.

It requires, Sir, very little Reflection; God knows, how much this Principle has been conducive to the Honour and Well-being of all the Kingdoms wherein it has been encouraged; wherever, (ſays a great Man) the true Principles of Liberty are beſt eſtabliſhed, there Arts and Sciences, Trade and Commerce, refined Morality, pure Religion, all the ſocial Virtues, and all that Tends to make length of Days deſirable, or to afford a Proſpect of a happy Futurity, are moſt natural to flouriſh and abound: Therefore, to provide for the Health of the Community, is the firſt Principle, and the chief End of the Inſtitution of every wiſe Syſtem of civil Government, and is, and ought to be, the firſt Care of every juſt and prudent Adminiſtration.

A People thoroughly actuated and governed by theſe Principles, can never be wanting of a truly noble and diſintereſted Commiſeration for their fellow Creature, and it would be pity, while any Body of Men in the *Britiſh* Empire, breath the pure Air of Freedom, under all the ſocial Bleſſings here mentioned, any other of his Majeſty's more remote Subjects ſhould be precluded a Participation, and which is too well known to be the unhappy Caſe with all the remote *Back Settlers* of this extenſive Province.

I ſhall here obſerve, Sir, that all Monopolies, to uſe that Expreſſion, are baneful to any Kingdom, but much more ſo to *Great-Britain*, under her inviroued and embarraſſed Situation, when uſed unconſtitutionally, or encouraged too exuberantly. The Law carried on in this Province, confined to *Charles-Town* only, and no where elſe, in a Province of an Extent of near 500 Miles, containing a Hundred Thouſand Souls, is of that Species of Monopoly I am treating of, altho' an adopted Phraſe only upon the preſent Occaſion.

Mr. Printer, it is a known Fact, that many of theſe poor ignorant remote *Back Settlers*, have been frequently dragged from their Cottages, at no leſs than three or four hundred Miles Diſtance, to give Attendance at the *Charles-Town* Bar, either as Proſecutors or Defendants, or perhaps to give Evidence in ſome petty inconſiderable Cauſe, worthleſs in every Senſe, and diſguſtful to the meaneſt Hearers, and which can ſeldom fail to be ſo with the Man of Eminence at the Bar; and the commiſerating Judges, whoſe Generoſity of Sentiment muſt inſpire them with a feeling of Compaſſion for theſe poor deplorable Attendants. Is it therefore neceſſary to labour a Point of ſo much Utility to this Government, or to Point out to you the Salutarineſs of an Eſtabliſhment of Courts of Juſtice in the interior Parts of this Province; or can any Man doubt, that your Lands under ſuch a Predicament, would not in twenty Years be of treble the Value, beſides the Encouragement, and additional Invitation for Strangers to ſettle amongſt you: The Proſpect this would afford you of having Towns and Villages behind this Metropolis, where the Divine Oratory may be placed before this unhappy Part of the Britiſh Subjects, would not fail to give them ſome nearer Reſemblance as Members and Brothers of the Community, by thus taking off that Badge of Slavery they are, in Effect, at preſent ſubject to, for want of Order amongſt them, in Caſes both Civil and Eccleſiaſtic: Whereas while the Courts of Law center in *Charles-Town* only, let common Senſe ſtand up an Advocate to plead in Vindication of the Ages to come, how much this would only Favour a temporary Convenience. But until that fatal Baſe is removed, theſe unhappy People muſt and will be fettered and embarraſſed with every Ill attending it; and while thus diſcouraged, nothing but dark Ignorance and Error, Poverty and miſerable Wretchedneſs, Diſſipation, Vice and Immorality, can be found amongſt them, with every Thing that can poſſibly have a Tendency to the eternal Infamy and Diſgrace of human Nature.

I am, Sir, Your's, &c. AMEN.

CHARLES-TOWN, MARCH 17.

TO Morrow, being the Anniverſary of the REPEAL OF THE STAMP-ACT, we hear will be obſerved by the true Lovers of Liberty and America, with Hearts elate, for our happy Delivery from ſo manifeſtly intended Oppreſſion.

By Letters from Eaſt-Florida, we are informed, that the Spaniards had ſent a talk to the Young-Lieutenant of the Cowetar, and all the Head-men of the Lower Creeks. One Thlawhulgee, a Headman of the Tomathlaws is gone with the Young Lieutenant's Anſwer to the Bay of Tampo, where he expects a Spaniſh Veſſel to carry him to the Havana. His Sons accompanied him, and were to return to the Nation as ſoon as their Father was embarked. The ſame Letters add, that the Spaniſh Talk had been given out in all the publick Squares throughout the Creek Country.

MARRIED.] March 10. John Gordon, Eſq; to Miſs Catharine Smith, Daughter of the Honorable William Smith, Eſq; ſecond Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature in New-York, and alſo a Member of his Majeſty's Honorable Council.——A young Lady of fine Accompliſhments.——March 15. Mr. Benjamin Huger, to Miſs Charlotte Motte, Daughter of Jacob Motte, Eſq; Publick-Treaſurer of this Province.—A very agreeable young Lady.——Mr. Edward Oats, Vendue-Maſter, to Miſs ——— Walker.

A Perſon that is capable of keeping Books and minding a Store, would be glad of Employ, either in Town or Country.——For further Particulars, enquire of ROBERT RAPER, Eſq.

Laſt Night a Brig arrived here from Boſton, and from the publick Prints brought by her, we have taken the following melancholy Account, Viz.

BOSTON, FEBRUARY 9.

TUESDAY Night laſt, a few Minutes after Ten o'Clock, the Bake-Houſe improved by Mr. George Bray, (formerly Mr. Davenport's) nigh the Mill-Bridge, burſt into Flames, which immediately communicated to Mr. Bray's Dwelling-Houſe, and other Buildings contiguous thereto: The Wind blowing hard, and not ſteadily at one Point, the Flames ſoon drove on the Roofs of the Houſes on every Quarter, and Water being ſcarce, for ſome Time baffled the Efforts of the Firewards, Engine-men and others; and while they were employed in extinguiſhing the Fire where it firſt broke out, it was found neceſſary for many to attend at diſtant Places; and being uncertain what Courſe the Fire would principally take, a great Number of Families were obliged to remove their Goods and Furniture, none being ſafe in that Neighbourhood: A large Brick Houſe belonging to John Hancock, Eſq; which was ſlated, in a great Meaſure ſtopped its Courſe Southward, and a Brick Wall of Mr. Bulfinch's prevented his Houſe, and thoſe on the South-Side of the Mill Creek, from being burnt; but the Flakes of Fire then drove moſtly Northeaſtward, paſſing over the Creek, and catch'd the Houſes of Capt. Ball, the Pilot, Mr. John Griffith, Mr. Jacob Emmons, with many others on both Sides of Paddy's Alley (ſo called) and conſumed all as far as Croſs-ſtreet; excepting thoſe which fronted that Street, Middle-ſtreet, and Fore-ſtreet, the back Part only of ſome of theſe were burnt, though all were on Fire ſeveral Times; the large Manſion-Houſe of Mr. Jonathan Williams, Merchant, was the laſt that was entirely conſumed: Many other Houſes were on Fire ſeveral Times, and conſiderably burnt, eſpecially in Fore-ſtreet; but the Tide coming up into the Docks, the Engines were plentifully ſupplied with Water; by which they were prevented from being conſumed, and the Fire from ſpreading further.

It was about 3 o'Clock in the Morning before the Flames were ſubdued; during ſo many Hours the Inhabitants were indefatigable in ſupplying the Engines with Water, and helping the Diſtreſſed, notwithſtanding the Extremity of the Weather, which was ſo cold, that the Water which fell on their Cloaths immediately froze—Nothing ſeemed favourable at the firſt Breaking out of the Fire, excepting the Time, being before the Inhabitants were generally in Bed—the Weather had come on very ſevere in the Evening, and the Wind high at W. and N. W. The Streets ſlippery, being covered with Ice, and low Water:—It was really diſtreſſing, eſpecially for thoſe who had Children and ſick Perſons to take out of their Beds, and remove with their Goods to a great Diſtance:—Many Goods which were bulky and heavy were obliged to be left in the Street, whereby they were much damaged.—The Loſs to the ſeveral Suffers, we pretend not to eſtimate, but certainly muſt be very great, as its ſaid above Twenty Dwelling-Houſes were conſumed, and between Forty and Fifty Families deprived of their Habitations:—But by a gracious Providence no Lives were loſt, nor do we hear of any dangerouſly wounded, tho' many were expoſed to imminent Dangers, being confined to narrow Paſſages, among the Flames of Fire, and the falling of Houſes, Chimnies, &c.

March CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD. *From*

12th. Sloop Abigal, William Corpe, St. Auguſtine
Sloop Polly, John Ireland, Muſqueto-Shore

March ENTRIES OUTWARD. *For*

9th. Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Durfee, Rhode-Iſland
10th. Brig Lyver, Thomas Smith, Cowes
13th. Ship Earl of Hillſborough, Robert Shutter, Ditto
Schooner Fanny, John M'Coy, Penſacola
16th. Sloop Elizabeth, James Gileriſt, Barbados

March CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. *For*

10th. Ship John & Samuel, William Dobſon, Cadiz
11th. Sloop Eagle, Jared Tracy, New-London
Sloop Dennis, Lawrence Field, St. Euſtatia
Sloop Induſtry, James Duncombe, Tortola
Sloop Riſing-Sun, Nathan Brown, Monte-Chriſti
12th. Billander Ceres, William Beef, Poole
Ship Ranger, Stephen Blundell, Ditto
13th. Sloop Jamaica Packet, Francis Dickinſon, Jamaica
Schooner Georgia Packet, James Fitzſimons, Georgia
Brig Carolina Society, Clement Conyers, St. Kitts
14th. Ship Elizabeth, Alexander Kerr, Liſbon
Schooner Hopeſtill, John Andrews, New-York
Sloop Suſanna & Mary, Ephraim Eve, Martinico
Ship Elenor, Thomas Whitlock, Barbados
Ship Prince Frederick, Valentine Baker, Briſtol
16th. Sloop Charles-Town, John Leaycraft, St. Kitts
Sloop Ellin, Thomas Hardy, Tortola

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-MORROW,

Being WEDNESDAY the 18th of March, Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be ſold by publick Outcry, for ready Money, at the Houſe on White Point, where Mrs. ANNE Mc QUEEN now lives;

HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, conſiſting of Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Cheſts of Drawers, &c. a fine Marble Slab, Looking-Glaſſes, Carpets, Feather Beds, Pictures, and ſundry other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

WEDNESDAY the 8th of April, being a general meeting of the FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY, the Members are deſired to give their Attendance, at the Houſe of Mr. *William Holliday*, in Charles-Town, preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, to chooſe Officers, and perform other neceſſary Buſineſs, agreeable to the Rules.

By Order of the Society,
GEORGE MYLNE, Sec'ry.

TO BE SOLD,
By JOHN HURD,

At his Store oppoſite Maine's *Wharf on the Bay, lately improved by Capt.* Buckle, *cheap for Caſh*;

TRAIN Oil in Barrels, or ſmaller Quantity, Northward Rum in Hogſheads and Barrels, Cordials of Anniſeed and Snakeroot, Weſt-India Rum, Loaf Sugar, Bohea Tea, Spermacæti Candles, Madera and Vidonia Wine by the Dozen; alſo ſeveral neat riding Chairs, with Harneſſes, and two handſome Chaiſes, all very cheap.

LOST this Day, a Garnet Shirt-Buckle, ſet in Gold. Whoever finds the ſame, and will bring it to the Printer hereof, ſhall receive a proportionable Reward. *March* 16, 1767.

To be ſold by publick Outcry, at Mr. Thomas Nightingale's, near Charles-Town, on Wedneſday the firſt Day of April next;

A Parcel of valuable NEGROES, about Twenty-five in Number, all young, ſtout and healthy, purchaſed ſome Time ago by a Gentleman well acquainted with the Slave Trade, for his own Uſe, and now ſold, as he intends leaving the Province.

The Conditions of Sale are, one or two Years Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving Security.

ROBERT WELLS, Vendue-Maſter.

March 16, 1767.

To be ſold by publick outcry at Mr. Thomas Nightingale's, on Charles-Town Neck, on Wedneſday the 1ſt day of April next;

A Parcel of valuable NEGROES, under mortgage to Meſſrs. Robert M'Leod & Co. and others.

ROBERT WELLS, Vendue-Maſter.

The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale.

To be ſold at the Plantation of THOMAS WHITESIDE, *deceaſed, in Chriſt-Church Pariſh, at* 10 *o'Clock, on Thurſday the* 9*th day of April next, if a fair Day, if not, the next fair day following;*

PART of the eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed, conſiſting of Negroes, ſtock, houſhold furniture; plantation, ſhoemaker's, cooper's and carpenter's tools; canoes, a riding chair, &c.——All thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to pay or ſettle to the executors ſatisfaction before the day of ſale, otherwiſe they muſt expect to ſettle with a lawyer. And thoſe that have any demands, to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, to

PETER ROYA, jun. } Executors.
WILLIAM JOY, }

N. B. The conditions of the above ſale will be made known on the day of ſale.

Agreeable to an Act of the General Aſſembly, *for the better regulating Taverns and Punch-Houſes*;

ON Monday the 20th of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be holden at the houſe of Mr. *Robert Dillon*, a meeting of a BOARD OF JUSTICES, aſſigned to keep the peace in *Berkley County*, in order to ſign certificates for licences, (to all ſuch perſons as ſhall be approved of) to ſell and retail all ſorts of ſtrong liquors, as alſo to keep billiard-tables. Therefore all perſons inclinable to take out licences, according to the ſaid Act, are deſired to give in their names to the ſubſcriber, before the ſaid day, at his houſe next door to Mr. *Badger*'s, in Anſonſburgh.

OLIVER NOYES.

Charles-Town, March 15, 1767.

JOHN NEUFVILLE,

CONTINUES ſelling off his Stock of Goods, at a low Advance, for Caſh or ſhort Credit.——A few Gown Patterns of India Chints, excellent Vidonia Wine, and blue and red Strouds, to be ſold very cheap.

Juſt imported in the Ship Avon, ALEXANDER URQUEHART, *Maſter, from* Leith, *and to be ſold by him at Mr.* Burns's *new Wharf*;

LARGE Scotch Coal at ſix Pounds per Ton, a genteel riding Chair; Bell's Ale, warranted good; ſilk Gauze, and a few Dozens of Claret.——The [illegible] to be ſold very cheap, and the Claret which is of the beſt Quality and well flavoured, at prime Coſt, to any Perſon taking the whole.

N. B. The above Ship carries about 700 Barrels of Rice, and to be let out on Freight for Portugal, London, or Cowes and a Market. Apply to Capt. URQUEHART, or

JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

WILLIAM ANCRUM, GEORGE ANCRUM, and P. CHIFFELLE,

Under the Firm of GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co.

BEG leave to inform their friends and cuſtomers, that they have on hand at their ſtore in Broad-ſtreet, a large and compleat ASSORTMENT of GOODS, which will be diſpoſed of on very reaſonable terms. Their friends in the country may depend on being well ſupplied agreeable to their orders.

JAMES & WILLIAM LENNOX's Copartnerſhip will expire in May next; they will therefore ſell off their neat aſſortment of GOODS on hand, (moſt of which were imported in the laſt Veſſels) at nine for one, ready money, for ſingle articles;—at eight and a half for one, taking not leſs than one hundred pounds value. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the whole, may have them at a very low rate: Their cuſtomers may be ſupplied as uſual until the whole is ſold off.

To be ſold at Jackſonſburgh, Ponpon, *on Monday the* 30*th of March, Inſtant*;

A Small parcel of valuable SLAVES, belonging to the eſtate of GEORGE LIVINGSTON, jun. deceaſed. Credit will be given till the firſt of January, 1768, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity if required.

MARY RAVEN, Executrix.

ANY Perſon in want of Eighty or Ninety Barrels of PORK, may hear of a Perſon who has that Quantity to diſpoſe of, by applying to THOMAS HARVEY, in King-ſtreet, or the Printer hereof.

THE Subſcriber having a ſmall Schooner which carries about 60 Barrels of Rice, and as ſhe is only manned with Negroes, he hereby gives publick Notice, that he will not be anſwerable for Accidents that may happen to any Goods that may be ſhipped on board of her.

March 16, 1767. THOMAS TUCKER.

For LONDON,

(To ſail by the Twelfth of April)

THE Ship LITTLE CARPENTER, a prime Sailer, having Part of her Cargo already engaged: For Freight of the Remainder, apply to Capt. *Maitland*, or LAURENS, MOTTE, & Co.

STOPT from a Negro who offered them for ſale, a pair of very good *Buck-ſkin Breeches*, almoſt new: The owner is deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber, at his breeches-maker's ſhop in Broad-ſtreet, where he may have them, firſt paying the expence of this advertiſement.

ALEXANDER CADDELL.

On Tuesday the 31st day of March, (instant) will be sold at publick Vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town, the following pieces or parcels of land, viz.

ALL that piece or parcel of land in Charles-Town aforesaid, being the westermost end or part of the town lot known by the number 60, in breadth from east to west one hundred feet or thereabouts, and in breadth from north to south as many feet as the said lot (No. 60) doth contain; butting and bounding northwardly on Tradd-street, westwardly on Old Church street, and eastwardly on other part of the said lot; late the property of *William Harvey*, Esq; and sold under execution.

Also all that piece or parcel of a town lot of land, distinguished by the number (198) on the east side of Friend-street, containing in front northward and southward along the said street 140 feet, and in depth from the said street eastward 61 feet, and butteth and boundeth westward on the said Friend-street, southward on part of the said town lot of land now belonging to *George Roupell*, Esq; to the eastward on other part of the said town lot of land, now, or late of *Thomas Smith*, jun. and to the northward on another part of the said town lot of land, and a tenement contiguous thereto; together with all the buildings and improvements on, or to either of the above lots belonging; late the property of *Nathaniel Scott*, and sold under execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

TO BE SOLD at publick Sale, at the usual Place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 2d of April next;

A House and Lot in Broad-street, opposite John Rutledge, Esqr's. containing 22 Feet in Front, more or less, and 211 Feet in Depth, more or less. The Titles to be seen in the Hands of CHARLES STROTHER. Three Months Credit will be given, paying Interest, and giving approved Security, to

March 10, 1767. CHARLES STROTHER.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Tuesday the 7th Day of April next, at the Plantation of the late NATHANIEL PAYNE, *deceased, at Asheepoo;*

ALL the estate of the said deceased, consisting of four Negroes, about 50 head of cattle, 30 head of sheep, a few horses, and houshold goods.——The conditions of sale is cash, and the property not to be altered until the money is paid, to

WILLIAM HARDEN, Administrator.

And on the Thursday following, will be sold at the plantation of the late Mr. WILLIAM EBERSON, *deceased, at the Horse-Shoe, for ready money;*

ABOUT one hundred head of tame cattle, a parcel of likely mares and colts, a stock of sheep, and houshold goods, part of the estate of THOMAS EBERSON, deceased.

WILLIAM HARDEN, Executor.

N. B. All persons having demands upon the said estates, are requested to make payment by the above-mentioned time; and those who have demands against them, to bring in their accounts properly attested.

March 17, 1767.

On Tuesday the 7th Day of April next, and two or three publick Vendue Days following, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be sold by publick Vendue, at the Vendue-House in Charles-Town;

SOME HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, WEARING APPAREL, and sundry other Articles, lately belonging to a Person deceased.

March 17, 1767.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Thursday the 9th of April, at the House of Mr. JAMES M'CLENACHAN, *in Broad-street;*

TWENTY draught and riding Horses, three riding Chairs, some Houshold Furniture, and a few Shop Goods.——All Persons indebted to the said MC CLENACHAN, are desired to discharge the same, on or before the above Day; and all those having any Demands against him, are desired to bring in their Accounts and receive Payment.

TO BE SOLD,

A Small Tract of Land, containing 360 Acres, about two Miles below Wirth's Ferry, on Ponpon River: Said Land is good for Corn or Rice; has a large Quantity of Cypress Timber, near one hundred Acres having been cut down, is now grown up again. On the said Tract is a very fine Spring of Water, and finest Lake for Fish in the Province. For further Particulars, enquire of Mr. WILLIAM GLEN, in Charles-Town, or at Goose-Creek, of SAMUEL WEST.

TO BE SOLD,

A House and Lot in Elliott-street, opposite to Mr. WILLIAM GLEN's. Any Person inclinable to Purchase the same, may apply for further Particulars to Mr. WILLIAM GLEN, in Charles-Town, or at Goose-Creek, to

SAMUEL WEST.

ALL persons having any demands on THOMAS WRIGHT, Esq; late of Goose-Creek, deceased, are desired to make them known, and bring in their accounts properly attested: And all those who are any ways indebted to the estate of the said deceased, are requested to pay the same by the first of April next; as all accounts then unpaid, will, without distinction, or further notice, be put into the hands of an Attorney, to be immediately sued for, by JOHN WRIGHT, Administrator.

Imported in the Little Carpenter, *and to be sold at Eight for One, Cash;*

A Quantity of broad Hoes, ribb'd Sickles, and a few Casks of Nails, each Cask containing 12m. 4d.—1m. 6d.—1m. 8d.—3m. 10d. and 3m. 20d.—by the Cask, by JOHN DAVIES.

MARTIN LENARD, who intends to carry on the business of ROPE-MAKING in all its branches, and all materials ready, would be glad to enter into co-partnership with any gentleman or gentlemen who are willing to take a part in a business which he doubts not would turn out to their advantage.—He served an apprenticeship in one of the King's yards in Europe. Said *Lenard* is to be heard of at Mr. James M'Clenachan's in Broad-street, or at Mr. Thomas Barton's, Saddler, in King-street.

NOBLE,

(Bred in SOUTH-CAROLINA)

HAVING the last year, as well as this, proved himself superior in blood, speed and temper, to any horse, mare or gelding that has yet dared to appear against him on the turf, will very shortly cover as a STALLION, a certain number of mares, at a time, place, and on terms that will immediately be made known—unless the famed CENTINEL, or some other horse, should dare to run him any time between this and the 10th day of April next.——NOBLE, being truly, as well as nominally so, now offers to run with any horse in the world, carrying weight for age, for ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS; but being particularly desirous of meeting CENTINEL, will run against HIM, (notwithstanding he has been running and travelling from place to place) the best of three four-mile heats, at NEW-MARKET, and will give up seventeen pounds of the weight he has a right to for difference of age, according to the true method of running in *Old England*, from any Sum from TWO HUNDRED to ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS, half forfeit.—If this is not excepted, 'twill be deemed by the lovers of the turf, that CENTINEL never intended to run and give the odds, and that the advertisement was mere puff. *March* 10, 1767.

To be LET and entered on the first of April next;

MARLEY's Livery Stables and Chair Houses, in Meeting-street, with all conveniencies for carrying on the stabling business; likewise may be hired at the same time, two Negroes who are used to the stable yards: And as I intend going for England in April or May next, I propose selling the house and lot I now live on, containing 100 feet in front, and 200 feet in depth, with a good house, not four years old, 40 by 20, three story high, a two story kitchen, wash-house and store-rooms, with every other conveniency fit for a large family. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN MARLEY.

March 12, 1767.

Imported in the Minerva, *from* London, *and to be sold at a new Brick Store in Bedon's-street;*

A Quantity of black and white, and blue and white printed linens at 12s. 6d. the yard, and of a good quality; a few pieces of exceeding good dowlas at 8s. 9d. the yard; a great variety of printed cottons and linens; Irish linens, fine Irish oznabrugs from 5 to 7s. the yard; a large assortment of men and women's neat made shoes and pumps, ditto's cotton, thread, and silk hose; men's fine hats at 5l. and 6l. a piece; fine scarlet, crimson, and green breeches pieces; a few light green silk umbrelloes at 10l. and a quantity of brown and white hinderlands, at 5s. an ell, and rowles at 3s. 9d. an ell; with many other articles of the best purchase and quality, being all bought with cash, and will be sold proportionably cheap, by

JOHN DAVIES.

TO BE LET,

A House pleasantly situated on White Point, having four good Rooms with a Fire-place in each; a Stable, Chair-house and Store-room, two Pidgeon-houses well stocked with Pidgeons; a Well of very good Water, and a good Yard and Garden. For Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber, or Messrs. ATKINS and WESTON.

DAVID STOLL.

STRAYED or stolen from Charles-Town green, on Wednesday last, a sorrel chesnut Checasaw Horse, upwards of 14 hands high, with a blaze face, branded on the mounting buttock something like a *Crowsfoot*, though not plain; his main and tail resembles the colour of hemp.—— Whoever delivers the said Horse to me in Charles-Town, or at my plantation in Willtown, shall have *Two Dollars* reward, from EDWARD WILKINSON, jun.

March 10, 1767.

St. John's, Berkley County, March 12, 1767.

THE Rev. Mr. JOHN HOCKLEY, minister of the said parish, intending for England about the beginning of May next, takes this publick method to acquaint all persons to whom he is indebted, to bring in their accounts, that they may be settled; and all those who are indebted to him, are desired to settle the same by the 21st of April next.

On Tuesday the 21st of April, if a fair day, if not the next fair day after, will be sold at his house near Strawberry Ferry, at publick vendue, for ready money, a neat English riding chair, one chair-horse, two excellent cows, all his houshold furniture, a quantity of excellent china, books, and other useful articles.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

RUN-AWAY about the beginning of December last, from the subscriber's plantation in Purrysburgh, a stout able new NEGRO FELLOW, named KING, with deep pock pits in his face, and has a very flat nose: He carried with him a duffil blanket, had on a jacket and breeches of white plains, and I believe cannot speak English enough to tell his owner's name. Whoever delivers him to me near Savannah in Georgia, or to my Overseer at said plantation, or Mr. James Fisher, merchant, in Charles-Town, shall have, over and above what the law allows, TEN SHILLINGS STERLING, from

JOSEPH GIBBONS.

N. B. Should he be brought to the Work-house, the Warden is hereby desired to deliver him to Mr. James Fisher, merchant. *March* 9, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM HAMILTON, Saddler, of St. Bartholomew's Parish, intending to depart this Province in a very short Time, gives this public Notice, that he is ready to answer, appear, or give Bail, as the Case may require, to any Suit or Summons that may be issued or brought against him. *March* 9, 1767.

THE FINE HORSE

SKIM,

Nondum mutatus ab illo,

COVERS this season at Mr. Ainslie's, at twenty-five pounds each mare, and a dollar to the groom, the money to be sent with the mares, or before they are taken away; if any of them should not prove with foal they may be sent to the horse the next year gratis. Great care will be taken of the mares; but the owners must be at the risque of all accidents, &c.

FOR SALE, the BRIG HANCOCK, ANDREW PEARSON, Master, just arrived from Boston, burthen 110 Tons; a new Vessel, and well found. Good Bills on London or Bristol will be taken in pay, at a long Sight. Apply to JOHN HURD, on the Bay.

ABSENTED himself from the subscriber, on Christmas day last, an apprentice boy named

RICHARD SINGLETON;

Aged about 18 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, has long brown hair, and had on when he went away, a drab-coloured suit of clothes.—Also absented himself from my employ, about a month since, an apprentice, named JOHN SHEPHARD, near 20 years of age, about 4 feet three inches high; had on a drab-coloured coat, and thickset jacket and breeches. Whoever apprehends the said apprentices, and delivers them to me, shall have FIVE POUNDS currency for each; and whoever harbours or employs the said apprentices, may expect to be dealt with according to the rigour of the law.

PETER HALL.

N. B. If said apprentices will come and satisfy me for the remainder of their times, before I leave the province, I will give up their indentures; if not, I will leave them in the hands of an attorney, to be prosecuted according to law.

PETER HALL.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, about six months ago, a Negro fellow named BOSON, who is supposed to be gone to Santee: He is a likely fellow, about 26 years of age, and near 5 feet 11 inches high; had a spur on when he went away, and is of the Grain coast country. Whoever takes up the said fellow, and delivers him to me, shall have *Ten Pounds* reward; and any person giving information of his being harboured by a white person, will, on conviction of the offender, receive *Twenty Pounds*, or if by a Negro *Five Pounds*, from

February 26, 1767. FRANCIS ROCHE.

London, September 20, 1766.

I Have appointed Messrs. CARNE & WILSON my agents for the sale of my medicines in *Carolina*; and all persons may be supplied wholesale and retail by them.

J. HILL.

A List of Dr. HILL's *Medicines, sold by Messrs. CARNE and WILSON.*

1. Pectoral Balsom of Honey, for colds, coughs and asthmas. A common cold is often cured, and all the bad consequences prevented that might have followed, by a single dose. Those complaints are so common, that no family should be without the medicine.

2. Essence of Water Dock, for the certain cure of the scurvy, and all breakings out. It never once failed in many thousand instances.

3. Tincture of Centaury, a stomachic bitter, that gives a healthy appetite and sound digestion, a certain cure for all weaknesses and disorders of the stomach.

4. Elixir of Bardana, for the gout and rheumatism. This re-establishes the health after the fits of the gout, shortens such as follow, and eases the pain. For the rheumatism it is a certain cure, and the disease never returns.

5. Tincture of Sage, to lengthen life and keep off the decays of age; as tremblings, deafness, and all other the weaknesses of an advanced life.

6. Tincture of Valerian, for disorders of the nerves, low spirits, faintness, head-achs, and all kinds of fits.

*** All these are pleasant, innocent and effacacious medicines, discovered by the author in the course of his study of plants, and are so safe, that infants may take any of them in a proper dose.

DOLLARS, at Thirty-two Shillings, TAKEN IN PAYMENT For fine old high proof RUMS, from *Jamaica, Barbados*, and the *Northward*, NOW SELLING OFF, Wholesale and Retail, extremely cheap,

BY WILLIAM HULME,

At the South-Corner of Elliott-street, facing the Fish-Market, on the BAY;

WHERE may be had MADEIRA, VIDONIA and LISBON WINES, BRANDY and GIN, excellent in their Kinds; CHOCOLATE, TOBACCO, and SNUFF; COFFEE fresh roasted twice a Week.

LIKEWISE, Fine Crown soft SOAP, which gives peculiar Delicacy, and, if possible, Whiteness to the Ladies Hands, and, by long Experience in England, has been found more profitable for Family Use than any other Sort.

For GRENADA,

(To sail in three Weeks)

The Ship HANKEY.

JOHN TOBIN, Master.

FOR Freight of one Third of said Ship, apply to

ANTHONY LA MOTTE.

N.B. Any person having occasion for 1000 £. sterling at Grenada, may be supplied with bills of exchange to that amount, payable at 8 or 10 days sight, and for said bills rice, corn, peas, flour, bread, or other produce will be taken, if they choose, applying to

ANTHONY LA MOTTE.

WHEREAS many people have committed treſpaſſes on my plantation on Charles-Town Neck, by fowling, fiſhing, cutting wood, breaking down the fences, and letting out my horſes and cattle, though frequently forbid by publick advertiſements in the gazettes: This is therefore for the laſt time, to deſire the like practices may not be continued, as I am determined to make examples of every one the law will puniſh, without ceremony.

THOMAS GADSDEN.

Who is in want of a careful, honeſt and ſober man, that underſtands plowing and mowing, and will not be againſt working himſelf occaſionally. A married man, without a family, will be preferred, with a good recommendation.

TO BE SOLD,

On Tueſday the 7th of April next, upon the ſpot, where PETER HALL, *Cabinet-maker, now lives, in Queen-Street, at* PUBLICK OUTCRY, *to the higheſt bidder, upon Terms which ſhall be declared previous to the beginning of the ſaid intended Sale;*

FOUR very valuable NEGROES, two of them good workmen at the cabinet-maker's buſineſs; one a good ſawyer, and handles his tools ſo well in the coarſer branches of that trade, as to be capable of making a tolerable country carpenter, and is very diligent and lively: The other a boy, uſed to houſe-work, and is alert and active. They are all young and healthy, and as orderly as Negroes generally are.

ALSO,

Sundry finiſhed and unfiniſhed pieces of cabinet work, cabinet-makers tools and implements; planks of mahogany, and other kinds of wood.——Divers houſhold furniture, and two large wooden ſhops as they now ſtand.

Any perſon inclined to become a purchaſer, may inſpect and view the articles, but nothing will be ſold before the ſaid day.

And as I am going to London early in May next, I humbly intreat ſuch perſons as are indebted to me, to pay off (in the mean time) their reſpective accounts, in order to ſave trouble to themſelves, and to my own creditors.

PETER HALL.

March 6, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

The following LANDS, &c. belonging to GEORGE AUSTIN, Eſq; *viz.*

A Tract of land at Engliſh Santee, containing 400 acres, or thereabouts, 207 acres of which is high land, lying on the ſouth ſide of Santee river, and the remainder is ſwamp, on the north ſide of ſaid river; the whole bounding on lands of Thomas Lynch, *and* John Rutledge, *Eſqrs. This place is eſteemed to be very ſuitable for an indico work, the land being very good; there are now upon it about forty head of cattle, beſides ſheep and hogs; alſo ſix Negroes, with plantation tools, &c. the whole of which will be ſold together, or ſeperate, provided the land is firſt diſpoſed of.*

ALSO, *A large tract of pine land, containing 2274 acres, old meaſure, ſituate in St. John's pariſh, butting and bounding (in the year 1716) to the north-weſt on lands of Mr. Farewell, north-eaſt on lands of Mr.* Cordes *and Mr.* Palmer, *ſouth-eaſt on land of Mr.* Elias Ball, *and ſouth-weſt on Mepkin line; beſides ſawing and other timber on this tract, a large quantity of lightwood may be gathered for the making of tar and pitch; the diſtance from a landing is not exactly known, but ſome part of it muſt be near thereto.*

ALSO TO BE SOLD,

A young Negro fellow, named CATO, *formerly a waiting man, and uſed to the driving a horſe and chair; alſo a young Negro wench, named* NANCY, *with her two children, a boy and a girl:* And to be let on hire by the month or year, *a very handy wench, named* SABINAH, *who can waſh, &c. exceeding well, and may be otherwiſe very uſeful in a family: Her daughter* DIANA, *a handy young wench, is alſo to be let on hire, with or without her mother.*

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, &c. by calling on the ſubſcriber, may know the terms of ſale, &c. and in whoſe hands the plats of the above lands are to be ſeen.

And as I am directed to preſs for the payment of all debts due to Mr. AUSTIN *in this province, I do once more, and for the laſt time, give notice to all concerned, that whatever bonds and notes now in my hands, ſhall remain unpaid the firſt of May next, will then be put into the hands of an Attorney at Law.*

A good OVERSEER, *is immediately wanted for Mr.* AUSTIN's *plantation at Peedee: A man that is really honeſt, humane, induſtrious, and every way qualified for the culture of rice, and who is willing to undertake the management of ſo valuable a plantation, will meet with the beſt encouragement, by applying to Colonel* Elias Horry, *at Santee,* Thomas Hutchinſon, *Eſq; at Aſhepoo, or in Charles-Town, to*

JOSIAH SMITH, *jun.*

TO BE SOLD,

On Tueſday the 24th Inſtant, at the Houſe of Mr. Thomas Nightingale, *on Charles-Town Neck;*

BETWEEN twenty and thirty valuable SLAVES; among them are handy boatmen, ſawyers, and a driver who is a jobbing carpenter; handy wenches, one of which is a good ſeamſtreſs, the others faithful field ſlaves: Alſo a ſtock of about forty head of tame cattle, three geldings, two of which draws, the other fit for the ſaddle; a riding chair, and ſundry plantation tools; all under mortgage.

The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon; the condition is caſh, and the property not to be altered, till the money is paid, to

GEORGE INGLIS, or,
JOHN LLOYD.

March 5, 1767.

WHEREAS the Creditors of the Eſtate of WILLIAM JAMESON, deceaſed, are all preſſing for Payment to be made immediately: This is to give Notice to all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, to make immediate Payment, to

THEODORE GOURDIN, Executor.

Prince Frederick's Pariſh, March 7, 1767.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Wedneſday the firſt of April next, at the Subſcriber's Houſe in Beaden's-Alley;

ALL the real and perſonal Eſtate of ROBERT COLLES, deceaſed, conſiſting of a few valuable SLAVES, and Houſhold Furniture:——Alſo, a Lot of Land in Tradd-ſtreet, adjoining to Mr. *Warham's*, on which is two good Dwelling-Houſes. The Conditions will be made known on the Day of Sale, by

ELIZABETH COLLES, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Thurſday the 2d Day of April next, at Mr. JOSEPH FOGARTIE's, *on Cainhoy;*

ALL the perſonal eſtate of SUSANNAH SNOW, deceaſed, conſiſting of two likely young wenches, a Negro fellow, a windſor chair, a few head of cattle, and ſome houſhold furniture: The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale.——All thoſe who have any demands on ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make them known on that day; and thoſe indebted thereto, to make immediate payment, to

March 2, 1767. PETER BOCHET, Executor.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

The Sloop CHARLES-TOWN,

JOSEPH DUFFEE, Maſter;

WILL ſail in ten days: She is a remarkable good veſſel, has fine accommodations for paſſengers, and is intended to uſe this place and Rhode-Iſland conſtantly.—For freight or paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

N. B. The Maſter is extremely well acquainted with the coaſt.

STOLEN or ſtrayed out of Mr. MOCKLE ROATH's ſtable, about a week ago, a light ſorrel Horſe, about 14 hands high, branded on the off ſhoulder I-S, has a ſmall blaze down his face, a large head, and ſhort hog'd main. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Horſe to me on Trott's point, ſhall have *Ten Pounds* reward, paid by me

March 7, 1767. JOHN WESTON.

LOST or STOLEN, the 26th or 27th of February, two large SILVER TABLE SPOONS, marked thus C

O*E Maker's Name *J. Vanall.* Whoever will bring them to the Subſcriber, ſhall be well rewarded, and no Queſtions aſked. It is requeſted, that if offered for Sale, they will be ſtopt, and Notice given, to

March 5, 1767. OLIVER CROMWELL.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT valuable plantation or tract of land in St. John's pariſh, Berkley county, known by the name of Bear Bluff, ſituated on Wadmelaw iſland, containing 3400 acres, more or leſs, is good for rice, corn, and indico, and was lately the property of Mrs. SARAH MIDDLETON, deceaſed; whereon is a good Overſeers houſe, barn, and ſome other convenient out-buildings. Moſt of ſaid land being well timbered, both for ſawing pine and making red and white oak ſtaves, bark and wood; all of which lies quite convenient to a landing. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to RICHARD DOWNES, in Charles-Town, or the ſubſcriber at his plantation at Tobodo, and may be entered on immediately, the purchaſer having twelve months credit, if required, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity, to

CHRISTOPHER WILKINSON.

On Tueſday the 31ſt Day of March, Inſtant, will be ſold at publick Vendue, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;

A Plantation containing 100 acres of land and marſh, being an Iſland, heretofore known by the name of *Smallwood's Iſland*, ſituate on the eaſtern ſide of Cooper river; butting and bounding to the weſtward on marſh land, to the ſouthward on a creek, and to the northward on Wando river, and commands a pleaſant view of Charles-Town and the road; lately belonging to the eſtate of BASIL JORDAN, deceaſed, and ſold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

TO be ſold at AUCTION, at the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *On Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, March;*

The SCHOONER YORK,

WILLIAM KELLY, Maſter;

With all her Rigging, Sails, Anchors, &c. as per Inventory to be ſeen in the Hands of SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

TO BE SOLD,

A Large ſtrong bay Engliſh Hunter, about ſix Years old, fifteen Hands and a half high, fit for either Saddle or Draught, without any Blemiſh known to the Subſcriber, and is ſold for want of another Horſe to match him; the Price is £. 500.

THOMAS GADSDEN.

Who is in want of a Pair of good Carriage Horſes.

THE FINE HORSE

FLAGATRUCE,

WILL cover this ſeaſon at the plantation of Mr. PETER SINKLER, in St. Stephens pariſh, at *Twenty-five Pounds* each mare, and a *Dollar* to the Groom, the money to be ſent with the mare, and if ſhe proves not with foal the owner may ſend her to the horſe next ſeaſon gratis. There is good paſturage, and great care will be taken of the mares, the owners being at the riſque of caſualties, &c.

FLAGATRUCE is 16 hands and a half high, of a fine mahogany brown colour, got by SOBER JOHN, his dam was CREEPING KATE; both their pedigrees ſo well known, and they ſo truly famed for their performances, that nothing more need be ſaid but to refer to the Groom Porter:—— And for a better proof of his blood and ability, the Gentleman who brought him in the province will run him a ſingle match againſt any horſe, mare or gelding now in the province, for FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, each horſe carrying a certain weight, to be agreed on between the parties. Any perſon inclined, may enquire of the ſubſcriber.

RICHARD RICHARDSON.

STOLEN or gone adrift, about the middle of February laſt, a CANOE, about 16 feet long and 3 feet wide, with a new chain, all her thawts taken out, and ſome new timbers put in her; ſhe has been newly cut down lower in the ſtern, and her timbers are higher than the gunnels, as ſhe was repairing, and not quite finiſhed.—— Whoever delivers the ſaid Canoe to *William Williams*, in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber on Cooper River, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward.

DAVID ALEXANDER.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method of returning his moſt grateful acknowledgments to thoſe gentlemen and ladies who have honoured him with their children's inſtruction in DANCING; and begs leave further to aſſure them, that his chief ſtudy will be, (by his aſſiduity) to endeavour to merit the recommendation of the public in general.——He teaches minuets, horn-pipes, country-dances, and ragadoons, in an eaſy and expeditious manner, with all the other dances now in vogue in Europe. His hours for young ladies, and days of attendance are, Tueſday's, Thurſday's and Saturday's, from five in the afternoon to ſeven; and for gentlemen, Monday's, Wedneſday's and Friday's, from ſeven to nine.

PETER LYONS.

N. B. For the better accommodating his ſcholars, he has removed from Gadſden's-Alley, to the houſe of Mrs. Strother, in King-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Robert Harvey's.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, a likely black fellow, formerly belonging to *James St. John's* eſtate, who is well known in town and country, and having a wife at Mr. *Lance's* plantation in Gooſe-creek, it is probable he may be harboured there.——Whoever will deliver the ſaid Negro to the Warden of the Work-houſe, or to me at Pon-Pon, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, beſides reaſonable charges.

ELIZABETH BEATTY.

ALEXANDER MICHIE, & ROBERT ROBERTSON, having entered into Co-partnerſhip, have on Hand, a compleat Aſſortment of GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, at the Store in Broad-ſtreet, lately poſſeſſed by Meſſrs. MICHIE & MACAULAY.—*N. B.* They have likewiſe to ſell, Rum, Wine, Sugar, Bar Iron, Plough Shear Moulds, coarſe and fine Salt, and good Northward Beer.

RUN-AWAY from Savannah in Georgia, in May laſt, and was lately taken up here, but made his eſcape with a large clog of iron on one leg, which it is ſuppoſed he has ſince got off, a Negro man named ABRAHAM, born in this province, is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has remarkable good teeth, is well made and likely, but bears on his thighs the viſible marks of an old offender. He formerly belonged to, and ſerved his time with William Sanders, bricklayer, who diſpoſed of him to Mr. Thomas Tew, and was afterwards ſold by the late Mr. Thomas Lloyd, to Colonel Mark Carr, of Georgia.

A reward of *Five Pounds* ſterling will be given, and all reaſonable charges paid, to whoever will deliver him to the ſaid Colonel CARR, JOSIAH TATNELL, Eſq; or Colonel JOHN MULLRYNE, in Georgia; or *Thirty Pounds* currency, if brought in Charles-Town, to

JOHN CHAPMAN.

N. B. As he has many relations in this town, they, as well as all others, are hereby cautioned from harbouring him; and a handſome reward will be paid to any one that will give information againſt thoſe who do ſo, upon conviction of the offender. (6 w.)

RUN-AWAY laſt Thurſday, from the ſubſcriber at Aſhley-River, a Negro fellow named CYRUS, ſtammers when he ſpeaks faſt, has ſeveral ſcars on his back, and had on when he went away a white negro cloth jacket and breeches, and an iron clog round his leg.—Whoever delivers the ſaid fellow to me at Aſhley-River, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS currency reward, and all reaſonable charges paid: And whoever gives information of his being harboured by any white perſon, ſhall, on conviction of the offender, receive TWENTY POUNDS, or if by a Negro *Five Pounds*.

March 1, 1767. JOHN STEPHENS.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THOMAS BRICKLES, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by Virtue of two Writs of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, one at the Suit of *Alexander Kynoch*, Adminiſtrator to the Eſtate of Mr. *Joſeph Todhunter*; and the other at the Suit of *John Keſſon*, having petitioned their Honours the Chief Juſtice, and his Aſſociates, Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *Alexander Kynoch* and *John Keſſon*, and all others, to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, February 9, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THOMAS STINSON, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *Samuel Wells* and *John Singletary*, having petitioned their Honours the Chief Juſtice, and his Aſſociates, Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *Samuel Wells* and *John Singletary*, and all others, to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

Robert Daniel, to whom Part of the Petitioner's Debts and Effects are mortgaged, is ſummoned to be and appear at the Time and Place above-mentioned, to render an Account upon Oath of what is really and bona fide due upon the ſaid Mortgage, upon Pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, February 28, 1767.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*.

TUESDAY, March 17, 1767. No. 66. [Printed by C. CROUCH, in Elliot-ſtreet.]

To the Gentlemen Merchants reſiding in the Province of SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS the Honourable HECTOR BERENGER D'BEAUFAIN, Eſq; the late Collector at this Port, hath often expreſſed his Doubts to me, relative to the Propriety of admitting Madeira Wines, &c. to an Entry for Exportation, after the ſame had been landed, as a Contrariety to the Senſe of the late Act of Trade, enacted in the 4th Year of his preſent Majeſty's glorious Reign; and that for the better underſtanding whereof, he had repreſented the ſame to the Honorable Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, for their Directions therein.

In Conſequence thereof, their Honours the Commiſſioners have thought fit to return a general and explanatory Anſwer, dated the 9th of Octobe laſt, for the future Rule and Conduct in this particular, (as I conceive) recommended to all the Collectors and other Officers of the Revenue in America, to which all due Attention and Regard is and ought to be paid, purporting, "That if Wines are reported for Exportation, they muſt remain on board the Ship, under a "proper Guard; for if they are landed, the Duties muſt "be paid, and cannot be drawn back; but in caſe of neceſſary Repairs for the Veſſel, which may require the unſhipping of the Goods, then Wines may be put on Shore "in Ware-houſes, provided by the Proprietor, at his own "Expence, approved of by his Majeſty's Officers of the "Cuſtoms, and ſecured under the joint Locks of the Collector and Comptroller, as well as the Proprietor, till they "are ſhipped for Exportation."

Theſe are therefore to requeſt ſuch Gentlemen who have Wines now landed, intending to re-ſhip the ſame for Exportation as uſual, that they make their Entries at the Cuſtom-houſe accordingly, that his Majeſty's Duties may be ſecured agreeable to the Inſtructions I have received; and that they would alſo *immediately diſcharge all Arrears for the Duties due in the late Collector's Time, as well as all the Duties owing to me ſince the 18th of July laſt.*

Signed at the Cuſtom-Houſe in Charles-Town, the 28th Day of February, 1767.

EDWARDS DAVIS, Collector.

To be ſold at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 19th of March, Inſtant;

A Good Plantation Negro SLAVE, who has been two Years in the Country, can work at Corn, Rice, and Indico; he drinks no Liquor, and is ſold for no Fault, the Owner having no Occaſion for him. The Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale, by

February 27, 1767. CHARLES WARHAM.

To be ſold at publick Vendue, on Tueſday the 24th of March, Inſtant, at my Houſe on John's Iſland;

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of JOHN JONES, deceaſed, conſiſting of three valuable Field Slaves, Horſes and Mares; a neat Deſk, a compleat Canoe, and Houſhold Furniture. The Conditions of the Sale will be made known on that Day.——All Perſons any ways indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make Payment on the Day of Sale; and thoſe that have any Demands thereon, are alſo deſired to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, to

SOLOMON FREER, Executor.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Wedneſday the 25th Inſtant, March, if a fair Day, if not, the firſt fair Day after, preciſely at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Plantation of the late Mrs. SARAH HOLLYBUSH, *in Chriſt-Church Pariſh, near Wappetaw Bridge;*

ALL the ſtock of cattle on the ſaid plantation, together with the horſes and plantation utenſils, &c. &c.——Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold, ſeveral very valuable SLAVES, country born, well known in the pariſh. The conditions of the ſale will be caſh for all ſums under fifty pounds, and credit for all above till the firſt of January 1768, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity if required; the property not to be altered till the conditions of ſale are complied with.

PLOUDON WESTON, } Adminiſtrator for the eſtates of John Hollybuſh and Sarah Hollybuſh, deceaſed.

A Few Barrels of excellent Philadelphia BEER, and ſuperfine FLOUR, juſt imported per Captain MASON, and to be ſold cheap, by

ISAAC PEACE.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very pleaſant ISLAND, ſeven miles from, and within ſight of Charles-Town, on Wando river, containing 300 acres of land, has ſeveral good landings to it, and is well ſituated for a country ſeat, [illegible]

Alſo one other tract on Cooper river, eight miles from Charles-Town, containing about 150 acres of good upper land, lies alſo very convenient for a [illegible], and keeping a ferry to and from Charles-Town, and [illegible] neck. Enquire of the ſubſcriber in Broad-ſtreet.

February 19, 1767. WILLIAM LOGAN.

TO BE SOLD,

A Houſe and Lot upon White Point, lately the Property of Mr. Samuel Peronneau, deceaſed; containing about Fifty Feet Front on Old-Church-ſtreet, and One Hundred and Sixty-five Feet deep on an Alley leading to Mr. Lamboll's Bridge. For further Particulars, apply to JOHN EDWARDS, & Co. t. f.

NATHANIEL RUSSELL,

HAS imported in the Ship Charles-Town, Joſeph Durfee *Maſter, from* Rhode-Iſland;

JAMAICA, Windward Iſland, and Northward Rum, Spirits, Spermaceti Candles, Soap, Chairs, Deſks, very neat Riding-Chairs, Loaf Sugar, Oats, Philadelphia Flour, Oars, Train Oil, Beefs, &c. which he will ſell very cheap for Caſh, at his Store on Col. Bull's Wharf.

A Genteel new CHARIOT, with Harneſs compleat for two Pair of Horſes, to be diſpoſed of reaſonably. Enquire of HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

THE Co-partnerſhip of MICHIE & MACAULAY being expired the firſt of January laſt, they will be much obliged to thoſe indebted to them, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, to diſcharge their reſpective Debts as ſoon as poſſible, in order to enable them to make a ſpeedy Settlement of their Affairs.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber on Waccamaw Neck, the 19th of June, 1766, a Negro fellow named SAMPSON, of a black complexion, 5 feet 11 inches high, with a large ſcar on the middle part of his head, and is about 25 years old. He has been ſeen near Monck's corner, in the parish of St. John, Berkley county, and afterwards taken in the Congarees, from whence he made his eſcape, and is ſuppoſed to have returned to the pariſh aforeſaid, where he is well known, and imagined to be harboured at Mr. JAMES KEITH's plantation, near Monck's Corner.——I will give *Twenty Pounds* to any perſon that will deliver him to Mr. JOHN DAWSON, merchant, in Charles-Town, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe; and *Fifty Pounds* to any perſon that will prove his being harboured by a white perſon, and *Twenty Pounds*, if by a Negro, to be paid on conviction of the offender. SAMUEL DWIGHT.

March 7, 1767.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold reaſonable by the Subſcriber;

BEST Philadelphia Flour in Barrels, half Barrels, and Kegs; Ship, Water, and Milk Bread; Philadelphia Beer; old Barbadoes and New-York Rum; London Porter in Hogſheads; a Parcel of Mahogany Fluck Bed Poſts. VANDERHORST & SIMONS.

A Perſon who is at preſent out of Employ, would be glad to bring up any Merchant's or Mechanick's Books, draw out Accounts, and collect in Debts, &c. Enquire of Charles Crouch.

For any Port in Great-Britain, or for Cowes and a Market;

THE Brig TORRINGTON, a new Britiſh built ſtrong Veſſel, burthen about five or ſix hundred Barrels of Rice.——For Freight apply to JOHN WELSH, Maſter, or VANDERHORST & SIMONS.

March 1, 1767.

A Place belonging to Mr. OTTERSON, about one Mile up the Path, to be let and to enter upon immediately, being ready for planting. Apply to

LEONARD GRAVES.

Charles-Town, February 12, 1767.

For the ENTERTAINMENT of the CURIOUS,

Will be exhibited at the Library Room *in Union-Street,*

A Courſe of EXPERIMENTS,

In that inſtructive and entertaining Branch of

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, CALLED,

ELECTRICITY,

To be accompanied with Lectures on the Nature and Properties of the

ELECTRICK FIRE.

By *WILLIAM JOHNSON.*

THE courſe conſiſts of two lectures, in the firſt of which all the properties of that wonderful element, as far as the lateſt diſcoveries have made us acquainted therewith, and the principal laws by which it acts, are demonſtrated in a number of curious experiments, many of which are entirely new. Among many other particulars will be ſhown that the electrick fire commonly produced by the friction of glaſs, and other electrick ſubſtances, is not created by that friction, but is a real element or fluid body diffuſed through all places in and near this earth; that our bodies contain enough of it, at all times, to ſet an houſe on fire. Alſo many errors that have crept into this branch of Natural Philoſophy, will be expunged, and the true theory thereof eſtabliſhed on the ſolid foundation of reaſon and experiment.

In the ſecond lecture this fire is ſhown to be real lightning from its conſtantly and invariably producing the ſame effects as lightning does; in proving and explaining which, moſt of the effects of lightning will be imitated by the electrick fire, ſuch as killing animals, melting metals, tearing and rending bodies through which it paſſes; together with many curious experiments, naturally repreſenting the various *phenomena* of thunder ſtorms, accounting for their cauſes, and explaining their effects. A practical method of preſerving ourſelves, our houſes and effects, from the deſtructive violence of lightning, will likewiſe be ſhown; the efficacy of which will be demonſtrated by ſuch indubitable proofs, from experience, as have not hitherto been exhibited to the world.

Thoſe who deſire to have their habitations effectually guarded from the fatal violence of one of the moſt awful powers of nature (with which this colony in particular has been often dreadfully viſited) may learn, from theſe lectures and experiments more of the nature and properties of lightning than has been known in the world until within theſe few years. They will, at the ſame time, have an opportunity of being fully convinced that the method propoſed for their ſecurity, if put in practice, with proper precaution, will be attended with ſucceſs; and conſequently that, inſtead of having any juſt objection thereto, from a perſuaſion of its being preſumptuous, we have the utmoſt reaſon to bleſs GOD for a diſcovery ſo important and eminently uſeful. "A prudent "man foreſeeth the evil and hideth himſelf; but the ſimple "paſs on, and are puniſhed." PROV. xxii. 3.

As the knowledge of nature tends to enlarge the human mind, and give us more exalted ideas of the GOD OF NATURE, it is preſumed that this courſe will prove to many an agreeable and rational entertainment.

The firſt courſe will be on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next, to begin at three in the afternoon, and will be repeated on THURSDAY and FRIDAY following; likewiſe on the correſponding days in the three following weeks, provided the requiſite dryneſs of the air will permit.

*** Tickets to be had at *Charles Crouch*'s Printing-Office, and at Meſſrs. *Dillon* and *Backhouſe*'s Taverns, at 40s. for both lectures.

N. B. No perſon to be admitted without a Ticket, by paying at the door, as the inconvenience is great, and muſt be obvious to every one.

Said JOHNSON *likewiſe propoſes to exhibit a courſe of experiments, (to be accompanied with an explanatory lecture) in that eminently uſeful branch of natural* PHILOSOPHY,

Called MAGNETISM.

IN this courſe all the principal properties of the Magnet or Loadſtone will be demonſtrated in a number of curious experiments, and a rational theory of Magnetiſm founded thereon, by which the polar direction, and inclination or dip of the magnetical Needle, may be naturally accounted for.

The uſe and application of this moſt ſurprizing natural power to the important purpoſes of navigation, will likewiſe be ſhewn.—The defects of the common ſea compaſſes will be particularly conſidered and pointed out, and the lateſt improvement which the celebrated Doctor *Knight* has made in that moſt uſeful inſtrument, by which it has attained its utmoſt degree of perfection, will be ſhewn and explained; the knowledge of which is of the utmoſt importance to all perſons concerned in trade and navigation.

The courſe will conſiſt of upwards of twenty experiments, amongſt which are thoſe performed by Doctor *Knight* before the Royal Society, with many others equally curious and inſtructive, to be performed with ſeveral natural Magnets, together with large magnetical ſteel bars of a ſurprizing degree of ſtrength, which will give a touch twice as ſtrong as the beſt Loadſtone yet known.

The lecture to begin as ſoon as thirty perſons have ſubſcribed. Subſcriptions taken in by the Operator at the Library Room, where Tickets will be given out at the time of ſubſcription, at one Dollar each.

The Lecture to be on each Saturday, to begin at the Library-Room in Union-Street, at half paſt Nine in the Morning. Tickets to be had at the Library-Room, and at Mr. Backhouſe's Tavern.

To be ſold at the Plantation where the late Capt. JOHN DARGAN, lived, on the 10th of April next, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt from the date, the following tracts of LAND, *VIZ.*

A tract of 100 *acres, ſituate on Santee river, in Craven county, bounded to the eaſt on land laid out to Anne Bodely; to the ſouth on Joſeph Cantey's land, the other ſides on vacant land at the time of the grant: On this tract is a large dwelling-houſe, with convenient out-houſes; the ſituation of which is on an high hill, and commands an extenſive proſpect, and the whole of it fine hickory and oak land.*

A tract of 150 *acres, joining the above, purchaſed of Anne Bodely, to whom the ſame was granted, and is all hickory and oak land.*

A tract of 300 *acres on the high hills of Santee, in Craven county, bounded north-eaſtward, part on land of James Michie, Eſq; deceaſed; ſouth-eaſtward on land reſerved for a parſonage; ſouth-weſtward part on land laid out for —— Porcher, and north-weſtward on vacant land at the time of the grant; the whole of this tract is rich oak and hickory land.*

A tract of 200 *acres, ſituate in Craven county, near the high hills of Santee, on a place called Williams's Old Field, on a marſh and Shark's creek; bounded on all ſides by land vacant at the time of the grant; 150 acres is rich dry ſwamp, with a creek running through it, by which the land may be eaſily flowed; 10 acres of the ſwamp is under dams; on this tract is a fine griſt-mill, which will be ſold together with the land.*

A tract of 500 *acres, ſituate in Craven county, bounded ſouth-weſt on Jacob Vanbiber's land; north on Wateree and Little-river, all other ſides on vacant land at the time of the grant; the whole of this tract is rich river ſwamp, fit for indico or hemp; 50 acres of which is cleared, and on which is two ſets of indico vats.*

A tract of 350 *acres, joining the above tract of* 500 *acres, and is the ſame ſort of land; bounding north and north-eaſt on Little-river and Beach creek; on all other ſides on vacant land at the time of the grant.*

A tract of 494 *acres, in Craven county, bounding north-eaſt on John Jones's land, ſouth-eaſt on John Deas's land, and on the Wateree river; the whole rich river ſwamp, fit for hemp or indico.*

A tract of 500 *acres in Amelia townſhip, late the property of Anne Watts.*

The above lands late the property of JOHN DARGAN, *deceaſed, and ſold under execution, by*

ROGER PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

At the ſame time and place will be ſold, ſundry plantations or tracts of Land, as formerly advertiſed in the Gazettes three weeks preceding the 17th of February laſt, under execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, Pro. Mar.

Likewiſe at the ſame time and place will be ſold, a ſtock of cattle, the property of *Matthew Bowman*, ranging on and about the plantation whereon he now lives.

RUN-AWAY about 12 days ago from the ſubſcriber, while lying in Ponpon river, two Negro men, one named *Fortune*, has one leg ſmaller than the other, is of a yelloviſh complexion, and is well known in town and country: The other named *James*, and was formerly the property of Mr. Andrew Roberts, of Charles-Town. TWO DOLLARS reward will be given for apprehending each of them, and delivering them to the Warden of the Work-houſe, or to Mr. James Sharp.

February 22, 1767. WILLIAM DREIN.

The Subſcriber has to diſpoſe of at his Plantation on the River of May, *where Veſſels of any draught of Water may lay afloat at his Landing;*

SEVERAL Thouſand feet of aſſorted LUMBER, fit for the Weſt-India Market, and will engage to ſupply Cargoes to any Bill on the ſhorteſt Notice, and on lower Terms than the Charles-Town Prices.—— Apply to DAWSON and DUDLEY, in Charles-Town, or on the Spot, to

6 w. JOHN COLLETON.

Juſt imported in Capt. CURLING, from London, and Capt. BAKER, from Briſtol, a large and neat Aſſortment of Goods, to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, by

THOMAS RADCLIFFE, jun.

At his Store oppoſite to Mr. Thomas Adam, in Broad-Street; among which are,

THREE-fourth, 7-8th, and yard wide *Iriſh linen, Scotch holland, gold flower'd ditto for waiſtcoats, dowlaſs*, 3-4th and 7-8th *garlix*; 9-8th and ell wide *brown, white, and Ruſſia ſheeting*; *Iriſh and Scotch oznabrugs, heſſens and brown rolls, Ruſſia drab, towelling and ticklinburg, napkining, clouting and tabling diaper, huckaback, tea napkins and table cloths, plattilloes, piſtol lawns, ſpotted and clear ditto, ſprig'd and flower'd Scotch ditto; white, blue and green thread; pavillion gauze, blue and green ſilk ditto; plain, ſtriped and figured ditto; black and white catgut, with ſilk for working ditto, cambricks, cravat and lock muſlin, ſilk and cotton ginghams, red, blue and white India ditto; cherryderries, Turkey burdet, ſtrip'd damaſcus's, bummums, white callico, India chints, Perſian dimity, nankeen, and ſilk handkerchiefs; black, figured and plain ſatin; white ditto, ſarſenet and Engliſh perſian, callico bed patterns, dark grounds and other callicoes; blue, purple and white printed linens; printed and check handkerchiefs, Scotch and Manchester checks, Manchester cotton gowns, velvet, counterpanes, velverets, cut and uncut thickſets, fuſtians and jeans; half yard and* 6-4th *cordd, flowered and plain dimity; Flanders bed tick; bed, bolſter and pillow ditto; bed bunts, mattraſſes; blue, green and ſcarlet hair ſhag; men, women, boys and girls worſted, cotton, thread, and ſilk ſtockings; men's ſilk, worſted and cotton caps; black ſilk and worſted breeches patterns; women's ſilk and leather gloves and mitts, plain and faſhionable figured ribbons and fans, wax and mock garnet ear-rings and necklaces; women's faſhionable hats, ſhades, handkerchiefs and ſcarfs; figured ſilk and ſatin cardinals, chip'd ſtraw hats, new faſhioned ſtuffs for ladies gowns; thread, ſatin, brown and crow-colour'd* 3-4th *mantua, crow-colour'd poplin, bombazeens, worſted damaſk, black and dark blue princes ſtuffs, fine camblets, figured ditto for ſervants gowns, faſhionable broad cloths, with trimmings, Yorkſhire cloths, German ſerge, emboſs'd ditto, flower'd flannel, duffle and bea blankets; green, blue, and drab plains; dark and light blue ſagathees, ſerge-deniſm, black ruſſel, Scotch plaids, men's roqueleans, great coats, ſurtouts, with other ready made clothes, men's boots, ſhoes and ſpatterdaſhes; women's leather, ſtuff, and ſilk ſhoes; women's pattens, ſaddles and bridles, ſaddle bags, leather caps, with other ready made ſadlery; yard and ell wide common oil-cloth umbrellaes, patent oil-cloth ditto very neat, green and pink ſilk ditto, ſome of which go into walking ſticks; patent oil-cloth hat covers, ditto catouchins; brown, blue, green and drab-colour thread; Scotch ounce ditto, cambrick and dreſden ditto, ſtyneil and ſhoe thread, diaper and dreſden tape, ſtay and beggars ditto, white bona lace; thread, footing and mininet lace, ſilk garters and hat-bands, gartering and worſted binding, coat ditto, boot gartering, pound and other pins, gold and ſilver baſket buttons, knee garters, hat-bands and chain, faſhionable ſilver, double gilt pinchbeck ſhoe and knee buckles; ſtone knee and breaſt ditto; mocco and other ſtone ſleeve buttons, ſteel pleated ſhoe-buckles and ſpurs, ſilver thimbles, ladies and gentlemen's watch chains, morocco pocket books with ſilver locks and implements, aſſ's ſkin memorandum-books, paper ſnuff-boxes, beſt cutteau, pen and other knives, cucumber ſlicers, ſheep and taylor's ſheers, falling and broad axes, broad and narrow hoes, with all other plantation tools; broad rim'd rice and reying ſieves, fire tongs and ſhovels, iron and tin dripping pans, pot-hooks, poliſh'd iron and copper tea-kettles, braſs and other candleſticks, mahogany tea boards, waiters, tea-cheſts, dreſs and pier glaſſes, cheeſe trays and batts, japan'd tea-boards, waiters, canniſters, candle-ſticks, quadrill pools, and tea-cheſts, child-bed and other baſkets, clothes bruſhes and brooms; black, gilt, and blue hair trunks, lead-head rattans, with other ſticks and fiſhing rods, tin and pewter cullenders, tin Dutch ovens, cheeſe toaſters, candle extinguiſhers, horn lanthorns, pewter cloſe-ſtool pans, flat and ſtrup plates and diſhes, water plates, bar lead, ſhot and bullets, paints ground in oil, dry ditto, linſeed oil, ſail and ſein twine, blank books, teſtaments, goſpel ſonnets, faſhionable prints, French hungary water, with other perfumaries, Scotch and rappee ſnuff, Durham muſtard, ſallad oil, capers, wallnuts, anchovies, and olives, black pepper and other ſpices, loaf ſugar, bohea and green tea, currants, raiſins, prunes, Jorden almonds, bottled and barrelled porter, bottled beer and cyder, Glo'ſter cheeſe, an aſſortment of faſhionable yellow and other ſtone and glaſs ware, India china bowls, mugs, tea-pots, milk-pots, ſauce-boats, tea-ſpoon ditto, breakfaſt and afternoon cups and ſaucers, coffee-cups, compleat ſets of tea china, &c. &c.*

WANTED,

A White Nurſe with a good Breaſt of Milk. Enquire of the Printer.

A Young MAN that is out of Employ, would be glad of a Birth in a Store as a Clerk, or to attend in the ſame; and will engage on reaſonable Terms. Enquire of the Printer.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE,

October 7, 1766. A well ſet new negro fellow, who ſpeaks no Engliſh, has on an old white negro cloth jacket with pewter buttons, has a ſmall beard.——Taken up at Cooſawhatchee.

——The above Negro fellow, ſince his being advertiſed, ſays his name is *Frank*.

October 26. An Indian or muſtee fellow, about 36 years of age named SIMON FLOWERS, has a ſmall beard, and born at Santee, ſays he is free, (but has nothing to prove it) that his father and mother were Indians, named Tom and Betty Flowers, his father dead, but his mother alive, has two brothers named Ben and Will, they all live on Santee. He ſays when he was little his father bound him to one John Thomas, who lives ſix miles over Santee river (near John Mortice and Stephen Willes, planters) and that all his relations live cloſe by; he ſays his maſter has uſed him very ill, and would not let him go when his time was out, but intended to keep him as a ſlave.—He is marked on the right cheek W, on his left with a ſingle ſtroke thus l, which he ſays his father did to all his children when they were ſmall, with a needle and gunpowder: He has on an old negro cloth jacket, dyed yellow, blue breeches, oſnaburgh ſhirt, and has been whipped very much about his back. Taken up at Mr. George Marſhall's up the path.

November 18. By Mr. Thomas Lemarr of Purryſburgh, a young likely Negro Fellow named GEORGE, born in Virginia, ſays he belongs to Mr. Matthew Marwell in Lunenbourgh county, Virginia; and was brought from thence to this province againſt his will, by his maſter's brother, William Marwell, and offered for ſale to the above Thomas Lemarr; the ſaid Lemarr ſays, that one Robert Hatcher of Auguſta, has a power of attorney to take up the ſaid fellow, which power he has ſeen by the ſaid Hatcher:—Said Negro has on an old white coat, oznabrugs jacket and breeches, check ſhirt, and has been very much whipt on his back; and was taken up in Purryſburgh.

December 13. A pretty tall well made Negro fellow who calls himſelf *March*, but will not or cannot tell his maſter's name; has on old white Negro cloth cloaths and blanket, a large bump on his right ſhoulder; and was taken up at Col. *Hayward's* plantation, Cuckold's creek, Combahee.

December 20. A tall elderly Negro fellow named WILL, who cannot tell his country, but ſays his maſter's name is *Billy Elliott*; has on an old blue cloth coat, oznabrigs ſhirt, old white Negro cloth breeches and boots; he is pitted a little with the ſmall pox, has on his right arm the marks of three ſmall ſhot, and his country marks acroſs his back; ſays he came away when he had done cutting rice; and was taken up at Rawlins Lowndes's plantation, Horſe-ſhoe.

January 21, 1767. Two Negroes, who ſay they both belong to Mr. Howell at Santee; they have an old white Negro cloth clothes, and call themſelves POMPEY and DICK. Dick is 6 feet 4 inches high, has the mark of a ſhot in his left arm, and is pitted with the ſmall-pox.——Pompey is 5 feet 6 inches high, well made, with a long beard, and pitted a little with the ſmall-pox; both of the Mandingo country, and was taken up at George Mackinſoos's plantation, the other ſide Four Holes.

February 9. An elderly wench, of the Angola country, calls herſelf JUDY, ſays her maſter's name is John Walters, and lives at Horſe Savannah; has on an old negro cloth gown and petticoat, and was taken up at John Mitchell's plantation, Ponpon.

February 25. A negro fellow and wench, who calls themſelves PETER and JENNY, ſays they belong to one Mr. Mackey. Peter is about five feet eleven inches high, has on white negro cloth jacket and breeches, he is of the Mandingo country, and is marked on each ſide of his face thus))). Jenny has on white negro cloth rapper and petticoat, and is of another country; ſhe is marked on her forehead and belly with her country marks: Taken up at Captain Jackſon's cowpen, the other ſide of Red-Bank, and brought to town by Mrs. Vert.

A negro wench called JUDY, lately the property of one Richard Davis, but has been ſold to another maſter ſince he took her out of the work-houſe, tho' ſhe cannot or will not tell his name; has on a yellow dyed negro cloth gown; ſhe has ſcars of a burn on each arm and left leg: Taken up at Mr. James Sanders's plantation, called the Cypreſs.

February 28. A new Negro fellow, who calls himſelf TOM, ſays his maſter is dead, and cannot tell the name of his country; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, pitted a little with the ſmall-pox, has no beard, and had on a white Negro cloth jacket and breeches; he was taken up at Mr. *Edward Wilkinſon*'s plantation at Cooſawhatchee.

TO BE SOLD at publick Auction, on Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, March, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;

ALL that valuable LOT and BUILDINGS in Tradd-Street, belonging to Mr. PHILIP AUDEBERT, of Antigua, extremely well ſituated for Trade, with convenient back Buildings for a Family, and may be improved with commodious back Stores. The Title, and Plat of the Lands, may be ſeen in the Hands of either of the Subſcribers, before the Day of Sale.

WILLIAM BURROWS,
GEORGE SMITH,
WILLIAM SAVAGE.

RUN-AWAY from my ſchooner, a few weeks ſince, a young likely Negro man named JACK, well known in and about Charles-Town, lately belonging to the eſtate of Mr. Iſaac Holmes, deceas'd; had on when he went away, the uſual clothing of a boat Negro. All maſters of veſſels and others are hereby, under the ſevereſt penalties the law in that caſe directs, forbid employing, harbouring, or carrying him off, as there is reaſon to apprehend he will inſinuate himſelf under ſome pretence or other with a deſign to ſecret himſelf: Therefore whoever gives information, ſo that he may be had, or delivers him to me or the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive a reward of *Five Pounds* currency, over and above what the law allows, from

DANIEL LEGARE, jun.

THERE being an abſolute Neceſſity that the Bond-Creditors of the late Mr. Abraham Iner, deceaſed, ſhould make known to the Subſcriber by the Fourth Day of April next, a State of their ſeveral Demands, in order that he may be enabled to know how far the Aſſets in his Hands will extend towards diſcharge of ſuch Debts in Average and Proportion according to Law; he deſires that all ſuch Creditors will furniſh him by that Time with Accounts of their ſeveral Demands on Bond, for the Purpoſes above-mentioned, as no Notice can be taken of thoſe who come when he has fully adminiſtered all the Eſtate of the ſaid Inteſtate.

JOHN SCOTT, Adminiſtrator.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons that are indebted to WILLIAM CARTHER, late of Aſhley River, in St. Andrew's pariſh, to diſcharge the ſame immediately to the ſubſcriber only, as no other perſon can give a legal diſcharge.

Feb. 21, 1767. CHRISTOPHER SIMPSON.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN ROFFE, late of Charles-Town, deceaſed, are deſired forthwith to diſcharge the ſame; and thoſe having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, to bring them in properly atteſted, to

ELIZABETH ROFFE, Adminiſtratrix.

Who has a few Frails of Figs for Sale, at her Shop in Elliott-ſtreet.

FOUND by a Negro, about a Fortnight ago, a SILVER WATCH. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, paying for this Advertiſement, and rewarding the Negro for his Honeſty. Apply to the Printer hereof. February 26, 1767.

TWO Porter Caſks of excellent old BARBADOS RUM, to be ſold cheap for Caſh. Enquire of Charles Crouch.

TEN POUNDS REWARD,

WILL be paid to any one who delivers to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, a MUSTEE Fellow, named JAMES, belonging to me.——He had a Ticket about a Month ago to get another Maſter, ſince which I have not ſeen him.

BENJAMIN SMITH.

February 20, 1767.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Santee, the firſt of January laſt, two Negroes, *viz.* GRIPPER and GRACE; Gripper is a likely well made ſtrong Negro fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches high, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is a very good cooper; he went away in a green jacket and breeches.——Grace is a ſtout luſty wench, with remarkable large legs and feet, which look as if they were ſwelled; ſhe went off in a green gown. They were both purchaſed of Mr. MARMADUKE BELL, and its imagined will make for Auguſtine, or the back ſettlements. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroes, and will deliver them to the Warden of the Work-houſe in Charles-Town, or to me at Santee, ſhall receive *Forty Pounds* reward. And *One Hundred Pounds* to any perſon giving information of their being harboured by a white perſon, or if by a Negro *Twenty Pounds*, on conviction of the offender or offenders.

Feb. 19, 1767. ROBERT CROFT.

CHANCE, got by old Brutus, from a quarter-blood mare, will cover this ſeaſon at Mr. JOHN WARING's plantation, at FIFTEEN POUNDS each mare, the money to be ſent with them; and thoſe that do not prove in foal this year, may be ſent the next gratis.

The JACK-ASS, will alſo cover at ſaid plantation, on the ſame Terms, only paying *Two Piſtoles* for each mare: And as there will be good paſture and fence, Mr. WARING will not be anſwerable for any mares that may break out.

FRIAR,

BRED by Sir JOHN MOORE, will cover this ſeaſon any number of mares not exceeding thirty, at FIVE POUNDS ſterling each mare, and one Dollar to the Groom: None will be taken without the money. Thoſe gentlemen who deſire to ſend mares, may apply to JAMES POSTELL, Eſq; at Dorcheſter, or FENWICKE BULL, in Charles-Town.

July 12, 1765.

I certify that the bay horſe called FRIAR, was bred by me, and got by South, out of an own ſiſter to Sir James Lowther's Babraham; he is ſix years old and no more.

JOHN MOORE.

South was got by *Regulus*, his dam by *Sorebelly*, out of Sir *Ralph Milbanks* famous *Maheleſs mare*.

FRIAR's dam was got by *Old* Babraham, his grand-dam by *Golden Ball*, great gran-dam by the *Hampton Court Childers*, out of *Sophoniſba*.

N. B. He will cover at *Thomas Boone*, Eſq'rs. new plantation, at *Ponpon*; and any Mare that proves not with Foal this Year, ſhall be admitted Gratis the next Seaſon.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber on Horſe Savannah, the 21ſt ult. a Negro man called CHELSEA, and ſome times WILSON, anſwers to both; he was formerly the property of Lieut. Shaw: Had on when he went away, a white Negro coat and long trowſers, a check ſhirt much torn, and no ſhoes or ſtockings; is upwards of 5 feet high, and is a cunning, ſly, talkative fellow, and may be apt to impoſe on thoſe that are not apprized of his artfulneſs; ſpeaks Engliſh well, with a liſp, and may change his clothes: This fellow is well known all over the provinces of South-Carolina, Georgia, and North-Carolina; was born in Virginia, and perhaps may impoſe on maſters of veſſels and paſs for a free Negro. A reward of TEN POUNDS will be paid to any perſon who will deliver him to the Warden of the Work-houſe in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber: And whoever harbours or entertains him, will be proſecuted with the utmoſt rigour of the law.

March 2, 1767. JOHN HALY.

TAKEN up by a Negro fellow belonging to Mr. Arthur Peronneau, up the path, a cheſnut bay gelding, with ſaddle and bridle, about 12 hands and a half high, has a blaze in his forehead, and a grey tail; branded on the mounting ſhoulder W W with ſeveral ſaddle marks on his back; the bridle marked P G. in two places. The owner may have him again, paying the charges, and proving his property before

J. DERING, J. P.

February 9, 1767.

To be SOLD or HIRED,

A Negro Man, by Trade a Shoemaker, and Works well. Enquire of Charles Crouch.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, ſome time in Auguſt laſt, a ſhort ſquat Ebbo Negro fellow, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, aged about 40 years, and was formerly the property of *Andrew Gary*, of Santee. Had on when he went away, Negro cloth jacket and breeches. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and delivers him to me in Goose-Creek, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive *Ten Pounds* reward, and reaſonable charges paid, by

SEDGWICK LEWIS.

TWO Thouſand Pounds is wanted on Intereſt, for which undeniable Security will be given. Apply to the Printer hereof.